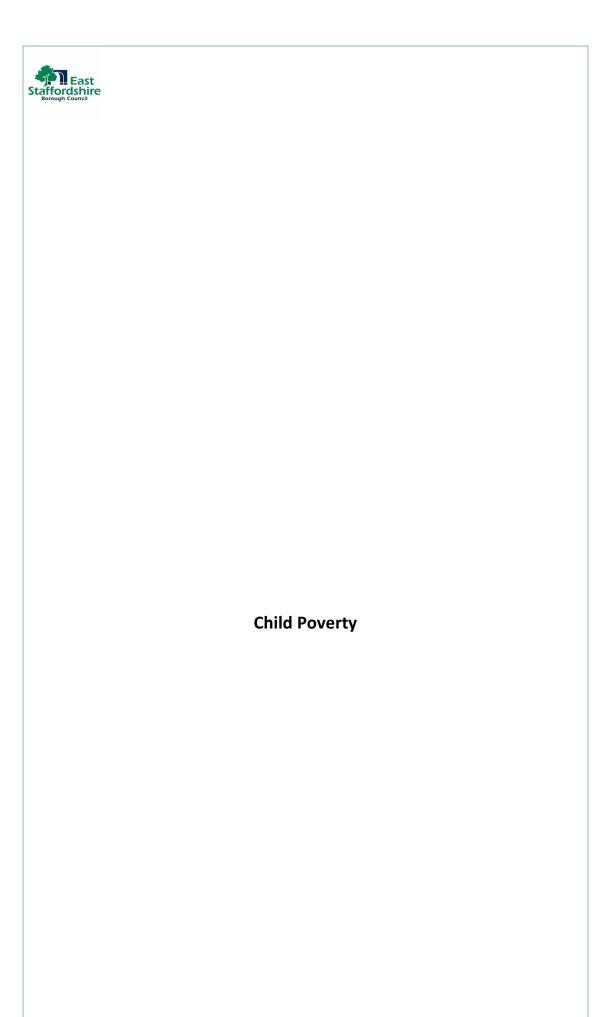




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### 1.0 Child Poverty

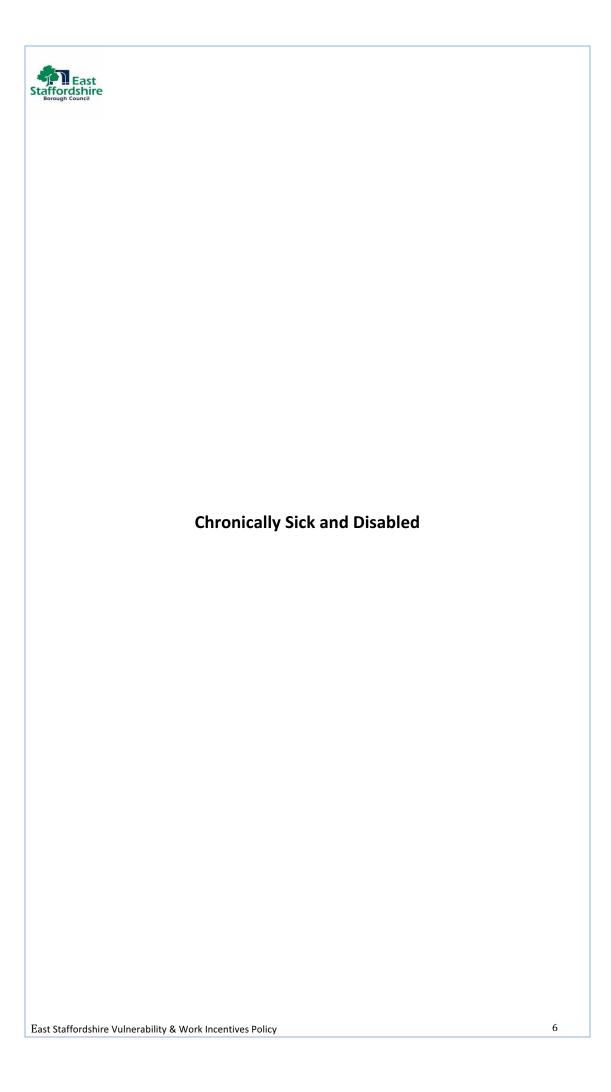
- 1.1 The Child Poverty Act 2010 requires the Secretary of State to meet four targets to eradicate child poverty by 2020. It requires a strategy every three years to meet these targets and report annually on progress. The Act conveys the following duties on local authorities and their partners:
  - Co-operate to tackle child poverty in their area
  - Prepare and publish a local child poverty needs assessment
  - Prepare a joint local child poverty strategy
  - Take child poverty into account when preparing or revising their Sustainable Communities Strategy
- 1.2 The Government published its first Child Poverty strategy in April 2011 (A New Approach to Child Poverty: Tackling the Causes of Disadvantage and Transforming Families' Lives)'. At the heart of this strategy is strengthening families, encouraging responsibility, promoting work, guaranteeing fairness and providing support to the most vulnerable.
- 1.3 Under the Act and from 2011 each local strategic partnership is required to have a Child Poverty Strategy to meet these targets and report on annual progress.
- 1.5 The authority is mindful of the proportion of dependent children within its area who live in households who are experiencing poverty.

# How the Council's policy addresses the issues of child poverty

- 1.6 The Council in creating its policy has looked to maintain the key elements of the previous Council Tax Benefit regime and as such provides the following;
  - a. Where the claimant or partner is in receipt of Income Support, Income Based Job Seekers Allowance or Income Related Employment and Support Allowance (passported benefits) – Council Tax Support will be paid at the maximum determined by the authority.
  - Where the claimant or part is not in receipt of the benefits specified in (a) above but is on a low income, their income will be compared with the specified applicable amounts (living allowances). The applicable amounts (living allowances) will continue to contain the following elements;
    - i. Dependants Additions an allowance for each child is used within the calculation;
    - ii. Disabled Child Premiums where a child is deemed to be disabled under the policy an additional premium is granted for each child within the calculation; and
    - iii. Enhanced Disability Premium (where the child is entitled to Disability Living Allowance Care Component at the highest rate);
- 1.7 In all cases including those families in receipt of 'passported benefits', the approach taken provides support where income is low. Where the families are not in receipt of passported benefits, families with children will in the main, receive relatively more support that those claimants with no children.



1.8	All claimants are encouraged to undertake work and where they are able to achieve thi policy allows for disregards to be made against earnings which will allow for child charges to be disregarded (to the maxima specified within the policy).	
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## 2.0 Chronically Sick and Disabled

- 2.1 The definition of chronically sick and disabled is set out in the following legislation:
  - Disabled Persons (Services, Consultations and Representation) Act 1986
  - Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970
  - Equality Act 2010

## How the Council's policy addresses the issues of disability

- 2.2 As with child poverty, the Council has sought to maintain the key elements of the previous Council Tax Benefit scheme and as such provides protection in the overall calculation of the support. For claimants who receive a 'passported' benefit they will receive the maximum support offered by the Council (see below).
- 2.3 Where a claimant or their partner (if any) is not in receipt of a 'passported benefit', their calculation of benefit will include all of the premiums that existed under council tax benefit including the following;
  - Disability premium awarded when a claimant or partner (if any) is disabled;
  - Severe Disability Premium awarded when both claimant or partner (if any) are both severely disabled in accordance with the scheme;
  - Enhanced Disability Premium Where either the claimant or partner (if any) are in receipt of Disability Living Allowance Care Component at the Highest Rate or where the claimant received the support component;
  - Work related activity component where a similar component is awarded within a claimant or partner's Employment and Support Allowance; and
  - Support component where a similar component is awarded within a claimant or partner's Employment and Support Allowance.
- 2.4 In calculating the income of a claim for support where a claimant or their partner (if any) is not in receipt of a 'passported benefit', incomes related to disability such as Disability Living Allowance or Personal Independence Payments (from April 2013) will be disregarded in full.
- 2.5 In all situations, where a claimant or their partner (if any) is classified as disabled under the scheme, then no non-dependant deductions will be made where a claimant or partner is blind or where they are in receipt of the care component of the Disability Living Allowance, or where Personal Independence Payment Daily Living Component is awarded.
- 2.6 The Council will calculate Council Tax Support on 100% of a person's Council Tax liability where they receive Disability Premium within their calculation for Council Tax Support or where they receive that premium within either their Income Support, income based Jobseeker's Allowance or income-related Employment and Support Allowance.



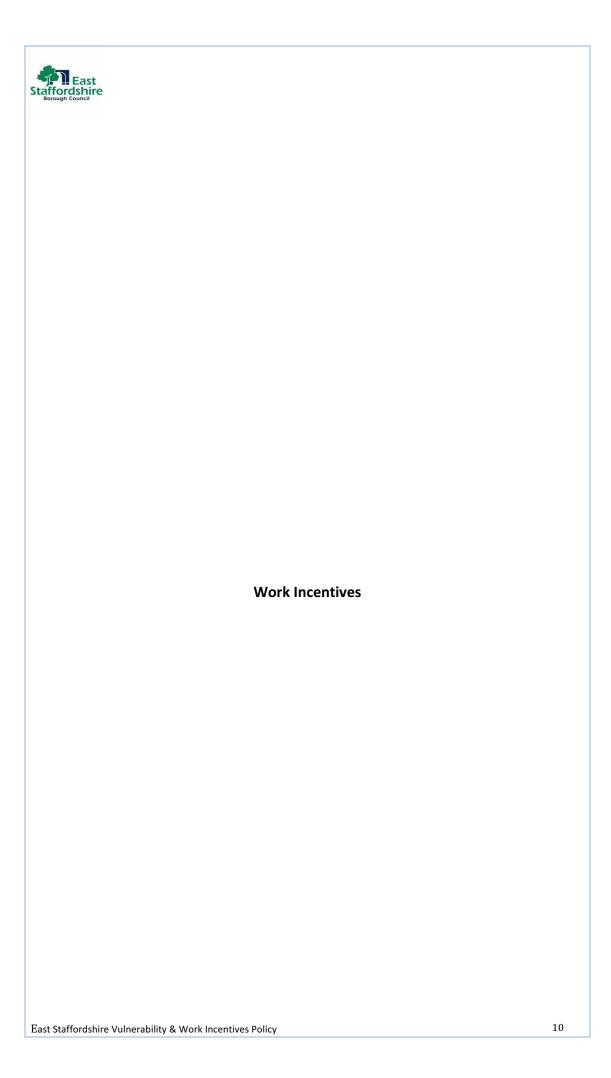


#### 3.0 The Armed Forces Covenant

- 3.1 The Armed Forces covenant, published in May 2011, exists to redress the disadvantages that the Armed Forces community faces in comparison to other citizens, and to recognise sacrifices made. In some cases this will require special consideration, especially for those who have given the most such as those who are injured, disabled and bereaved as a result of service.
- 3.2 The covenant sets out an obligation the whole nation and State has towards those who have served their country in this way.

## How the authority's policy meets the Armed Forces Covenant

- 3.3 In line with the above, the Council decided to maintain the existing disregard of 100% of all monies received in respect of war widows and war disablement pensions. This continues to be in excess of the existing central government requirement for a standard disregard of £10 per week and will assist all claimants and families who receive such payments. It maintains the current protection.
- 3.4 The Council will calculate Council Tax Support on 100% of a person's Council Tax liability where they receive a war widows and/or a war disablement pension within their calculation for Council Tax Support.





#### 4.0 Work Incentives

- 4.1 A key part of any welfare benefit scheme is to incentivise claimants to return to work or to increase the number of hours they work, wherever possible.
- 4.2 The authority is keen to encourage all households of working age to enter and remain in work and is aware that the transition between out of work benefits and receiving earnings is a particularly difficult time.
- 4.3 The work incentives built into the council tax support scheme are as follows;
  - a. Before taking earnings into account, only the net earnings are used in the calculation and depending on circumstances disregards of £25 are made from the net amount.
  - b. Where the claimant or their partner is able to undertake work for a longer period of time, then an additional earnings disregard may be applied;
  - c. Where the claimant has to incur childcare charges in order to allow them to go to work, the authority will disregard from any earnings up to the limit specified within the policy. It should be noted that this only applies where the full criteria are met as specified within section 17 of the policy;
  - d. Extended payments of support are also available where certain conditions are met and where the claimant has been continuously in receipt of certain unemployed benefits for a period of 26 weeks or more. These are outlined within section 60 of the policy.
- 4.4 The authority is keen to encourage claimants back to work where this is possible and feels strongly that the policy supports this.