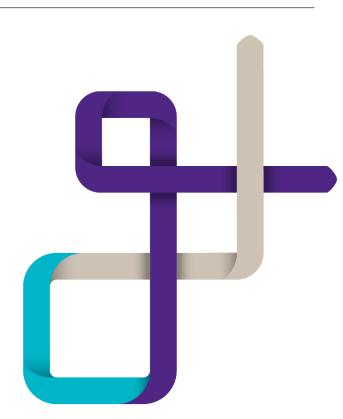


External Audit Plan

Year ending 31 March 2019

East Staffordshire Borough Council February 2019



Contents



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A. Audit Approach		

The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Authority or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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Introduction & headlines

This document provides an overview of the planned scope and timing of the statutory audit of East Staffordshire Borough Council ('the Authority') for those charged with governance.

Respective responsibilities

The National Audit Office ('the NAO') has issued a document entitled Code of Audit Practice ('the Code'). This summarises where the responsibilities of auditors begin and end and what is expected from the audited body. Our respective responsibilities are also set out in the Terms of Appointment and Statement of Responsibilities issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA), the body responsible for appointing us as auditor of East Staffordshire Borough Council. We draw your attention to both of these documents on the <u>PSAA website</u>.

Scope of our audit

The scope of our audit is set in accordance with the Code and International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK). We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the :

- Authority's financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance (the Audit & VFM Services Committee); and
- Value for Money arrangements in place at the Authority for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources.

The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or the Audit Committee of your responsibilities. It is the responsibility of the Authority to ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the conduct of its business, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for. We have considered how the Authority is fulfilling these responsibilities.

Our audit approach is based on a thorough understanding of the Authority's business and is risk based. We will be using our new audit methodology and tool, LEAP for the 2018/19 audit. It will enable us to be more responsive to changes that may occur in your organisation.

Significant risks	Those risks requiring special audit consideration and procedures to address the likelihood of a material financial statement error have been identified as:		
	Management override of controls		
	Valuation of property, plant and equipment		
	Valuation of pension fund net liability (including the pension arrangements relating to the outsourcing of leisure services)		
	We will communicate significant findings on these areas as well as any other significant matters arising from the audit to you in our Audit Findings (ISA 260) Report.		
Materiality	We have determined planning materiality to be £0.990m (PY £0.991m) for the Authority, which equates to 2% of your prior year gross expenditure for the year. We are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. Clearly trivial has been set at £0.0495m (PY £0.050m).		
Value for Money arrangements	Our risk assessment regarding your arrangements to secure value for money has identified the following VFM significant risk:		
	 Outsourcing of Leisure Services – this meets the NAOs definition of a significant risk as it involves transformational change and involves the transfer of staff, provision of services. 		
Audit logistics	Our interim visit will take place in January and March and our final visit will take place in June and July. Our key deliverables are this Audit Plan and our Audit Findings Report.		
	The scale fee for the audit is £37,615 (PY: £46,405) for the Authority. The fees for the year will be in excess of the scale fee due to the expanded audit and value for money work relating to the Leisure outsourcing contract.		
Independence	We have complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we as a firm, and each covered person, confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements		

Key matters impacting our audit

Factors

The wider economy and political uncertainty

Local Government funding continues to be stretched with increasing cost pressures and demand from residents. For East Staffordshire Borough Council, the local government finance settlement for 2018/19 identifies a reduction in formula funding of £0.34m or 8.9% from the prior year, with a further reduction of £0.3m or 9% proposed for 2019/20.

The Authority is forecasting a year end surplus of £201k for 2018/19 as at the end of September 2018.

At a national level, the government continues its negotiation with the EU over Brexit, and future arrangements remain clouded in uncertainty (update as appropriate). The Authority will need to ensure that it is prepared for all outcomes, including in terms of any impact on contracts, on service delivery and on its support for local people and businesses.

Changes to the CIPFA 2018/19 Accounting Code

The most significant changes relate to the adoption of:

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments which impacts on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces a new impairment model.
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers which introduces a five step approach to revenue recognition.
- At the planning stage, the impacts of both of these IFRS are not expected to affect the Authority's accounts substantially, but will need consideration for the year.

Leisure/Cultural Services management outsourcing

The Authority appointed a third-party operator in December 2018 to deliver the management of its Leisure Centres, and Sports Development Team.

On 01 February 2019 approximately 18% of staff on the payroll, will be TUPE transferred from the Authority to Sports and Leisure Management Ltd. This transaction will also entail the transfer of any associated defined benefit pension obligations from the Authority to the company. The Authority will then enter into a pension guarantee arrangement with the company.

These agreements give rise to a number of complex accounting issues, some with a potentially material impact on the Authority's financial statements. We will closely monitor the Authority's proposed treatment of this issue to ensure compliance with relevant standards and that the economic reality of the arrangement is appropriately disclosed for users of the accounts.

 On the basis of your previous strong financial record and reserves we do not consider financial sustainability is a significant Value for Money risk.

Our response

- We will keep you informed of changes to the financial reporting requirements for 2018/19 through on-going discussions and invitations to our technical update workshops.
- As part of our opinion on your financial statements, we will consider whether your financial statements reflect the financial reporting changes in the 2018/19 CIPFA Code.
- We will review the key agreements to gain an understanding of the agreements put in place on the transfer of services to the new provider.
- We will discuss with key personnel, the underlying substance of the transactions and the basis of the Council's proposed accounting treatment of the arrangements.
- We will critically assess the economic substance of the transactions to assess the appropriateness of the accounting treatment adopted by the Council in accordance with the Code, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and other relevant accounting guidance.
- We will consider your arrangements for monitoring delivery of cultural services as part of our work in reaching our Value for Money conclusion.

Significant risks identified

Significant risks are defined by ISAs (UK) as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, audit teams consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

Risk	Reason for risk identification	Key aspects of our proposed response to the risk	
The revenue cycle includes fraudulent transactions (rebutted)	Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a rebuttable presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue.		
	This presumption can be rebutted if the auditor concludes that there is no risk of material misstatement due to fraud relating to revenue recognition.	there is little incentive to manipulate revenue recognition	
		 opportunities to manipulate revenue recognition are very limited 	
		 the culture and ethical frameworks of local authorities, including East Staffordshire Borough Council, mean that all forms of fraud are seen as unacceptable 	
		Therefore we do not consider this to be a significant risk for East Staffordshire Borough Council.	
Management over-ride of controls	Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a non-rebuttable presumed risk that the risk of management over-ride of controls is present in all entities. The Authority faces external scrutiny of its spending and this could potentially place management under undue pressure in terms of how they report performance. We therefore identified management override of control, in particular journals, management estimates and transactions outside the course of business as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement.	We will:	
		 evaluate the design effectiveness of management controls over journals 	
		 analyse the journals listing and determine the criteria for selecting high risk unusual journals 	
		 test unusual journals recorded during the year and after the draft accounts stage for appropriateness and corroboration 	
		 gain an understanding of the accounting estimates and critical judgements applied made by management and consider their reasonableness with regard to corroborative evidence 	
		 evaluate the rationale for any changes in accounting policies, estimates or significant unusual transactions. 	

Significant risks identified

Risk	Reason for risk identification	Key aspects of our proposed response to the risk
Valuation of land and buildings (Rolling valuation)	The Authority revalues its land and buildings on a rolling five- yearly basis This valuation represents a significant estimate by management in the financial statements due to the size of the numbers involved (£35 million) and the sensitivity of this estimate to changes in key assumptions. Additionally, management will need to ensure the carrying value in the Authority financial statements is not materially different from the current value or the fair value (for surplus assets) at the financial statements date, where a rolling programme is used We therefore identified valuation of land and buildings, particularly revaluations and impairments, as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement, and a key audit matter.	 test revaluations made during the year to see if they had been
Valuation of the pension fund net liability	The Authority's pension fund net liability, as reflected in its balance sheet as the net defined benefit liability, represents a significant estimate in the financial statements. The pension fund net liability is considered a significant estimate due to the size of the numbers involved (£51.8 million in the Authority's balance sheet) and the sensitivity of the estimate to changes in key assumptions. We therefore identified valuation of the Authority's pension fund net liability as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement, and a key audit matter.	 We will: update our understanding of the processes and controls put in place by management to ensure that the Authority's pension fund net liability is not materially misstated and evaluate the design of the associated controls; evaluate the instructions issued by management to their management expert (an actuary) for this estimate and the scope of the actuary's work; assess the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the actuary who carried out the Authority's pension fund valuation; assess the accuracy and completeness of the information provided by the Authority to the actuary to estimate the liability;

We will communicate significant findings on these areas as well as any other significant matters arising from the audit to you in our Audit Findings Report in July 2019.

Significant risks identified

Risk	Reason for risk identification	Key aspects of our proposed response to the risk
Valuation of the pension fund net liability continued		We will:
		 test the consistency of the pension fund asset and liability and disclosures in the notes to the core financial statements with the actuarial report from the actuary;
		 undertake procedures to confirm the reasonableness of the actuarial assumptions made by reviewing the report of the consulting actuary (as auditor's expert) and performing any additional procedures suggested within the report; and
		 obtain assurances from the auditor of Staffordshire County Council Pension Fund as to the controls surrounding the validity and accuracy of membership data; contributions data and benefits data sent to the actuary by the pension fund and the fund assets valuation in the pension fund financial statements.

Other risks identified

Risk Reason for risk identification		Key aspects of our proposed response to the risk	
Accounting for the Leisure/Cultural	The Authority appointed Sports and Leisure Management Ltd	We will:	
Services management outsourcing	(SLM) to deliver the management of its Leisure Centres and Sports Development Team.	 review the key agreements to gain an understanding of the agreements put in place with SLM Ltd; 	
	On 01 February 2019, approximately 18% of staff on the Authority payroll, including their associated net pension liability will be TUPE transferred from the Authority to SLM Ltd	 discuss with key personnel, the underlying substance of the transactions and the basis of the Authority's proposed accounting treatment of the arrangements; 	
	and the Authority will enter into a number of agreements with the company.	 test the consistency of the IAS 19 valuation with the actuarial report from the actuary; 	
	Authorities have embarked on a variety of arrangements to manage the impact of the pension liability. They are all different and so it is important that management carefully consider the specific terms of the agreements in order to determine the appropriate accounting treatment.	 critically assess the economic substance of the transactions to assess the appropriateness of the accounting treatment adopted by the Authority in accordance with the Code, International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and other relevant accounting guidance 	
	These agreements can give rise to a number of material accounting transactions in the financial statements, including the associated pensions transfer, for which the economic substance of the transactions needs to be considered.	 consider the impact on the Council and the accounting arrangements for any pension guarantee issued as par of the outsourcing agreement. 	

Other matters

Other work

In addition to our responsibilities under the Code of Practice, we have a number of other audit responsibilities, as follows:

- We read your Narrative Report and Annual Governance Statement and any other information published alongside your financial statements to check that they are consistent with the financial statements on which we give an opinion and consistent with our knowledge of the Authority.
- We carry out work to satisfy ourselves that disclosures made in your Annual Governance Statement are in line with the guidance issued by CIPFA.
- We carry out work on your consolidation schedules for the Whole of Government Accounts process in accordance with NAO group audit instructions.
- We consider our other duties under legislation and the Code, as and when required, including:
 - Giving electors the opportunity to raise questions about your 2018/19 financial statements, consider and decide upon any objections received in relation to the 2018/19 financial statements;
 - issue of a report in the public interest or written recommendations to the Authority under section 24 of the Act, copied to the Secretary of State.
 - Application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 or for a judicial review under Section 31 of the Act; or
 - Issuing an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Act.
- We certify completion of our audit.

Other material balances and transactions

Under International Standards on Auditing, "irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, the auditor shall design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance and disclosure". All other material balances and transaction streams will therefore be audited. However, the procedures will not be as extensive as the procedures adopted for the risks identified in this report.

Two new accounting standards apply to the Council in 2018/19. These are IRFS 15 Revenue Recognition and IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. We will assess the impact of these two new standards.

Going concern

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570). We will review management's assessment of the going concern assumption and evaluate the disclosures in the financial statements.

Materiality

The concept of materiality

The concept of materiality is fundamental to the preparation of the financial statements and the audit process and applies not only to the monetary misstatements but also to disclosure requirements and adherence to acceptable accounting practice and applicable law. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Materiality for planning purposes

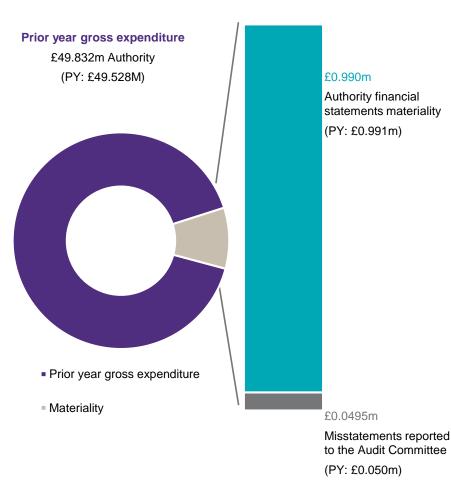
We have determined financial statement materiality based on a proportion of the gross expenditure of the Authority for the financial year. In the prior year we used the same benchmark. Materiality at the planning stage of our audit is £0.990m (PY £0.991m) for the Authority, which equates to 2% of your prior year gross expenditure for the year. Senior officer remuneration materiality has been reduced to £0.1m due to their sensitive nature and public interest.

We reconsider planning materiality if, during the course of our audit engagement, we become aware of facts and circumstances that would have caused us to make a different determination of planning materiality.

Matters we will report to the Audit Committee

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Audit Committee any unadjusted misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work. Under ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. ISA 260 (UK) defines 'clearly trivial' as matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any quantitative or qualitative criteria. In the context of the Authority, we propose that an individual difference could normally be considered to be clearly trivial if it is less than £0.0495m (PY £0.050m).

If management have corrected material misstatements identified during the course of the audit, we will consider whether those corrections should be communicated to the Audit & VFM Services Committee to assist it in fulfilling its governance responsibilities.



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Value for Money arrangements

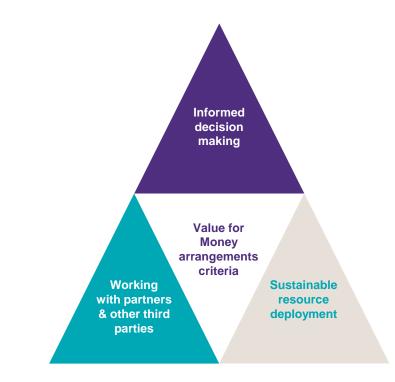
Background to our VFM approach

The NAO issued its guidance for auditors on Value for Money work in November 2017. The guidance states that for Local Government bodies, auditors are required to give a conclusion on whether the Authority has proper arrangements in place to secure value for money.

The guidance identifies one single criterion for auditors to evaluate:

"In all significant respects, the audited body takes properly informed decisions and deploys resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people."

This is supported by three sub-criteria, as set out below:



Significant VFM risks

Those risks requiring audit consideration and procedures to address the likelihood that proper arrangements are not in place at the Authority to deliver value for money.



Leisure/Cultural Services Management Outsourcing

The Council published its Efficiency Plan in September 2016 and this established the Council's approach to delivering the savings required to meet the funding reductions that continue until 2019/20.

One of the key themes within the Plan and incorporated into the Council's 2018/19 Corporate Plan was reviewing the service delivery options associated with its leisure and cultural services.

Following a recruitment and Council approval process, the preferred contractor, Sports and Leisure Management (SLM) Ltd was appointed in December 2018, to deliver the management outsourcing of the Council's Leisure Centres and Sports Development Team.

A Contracts and Strategic Leisure resource team has been established as an integral part of the mobilisation phase of the project, as well as the ongoing contract management post 'go-live'.

There is a risk that inadequate arrangements are in place to monitor delivery of cultural services, in line with the required contract agreements. In response to this risk, we will:

- Review the remit and role of the Contracts & Strategic Leisure Team
- Assess the arrangements in place at the Council for monitoring delivery of the outsourced leisure services, in line with the agreed contracts.

Audit logistics, team & fees





Mark Stocks, Engagement Lead

Mark will be the main point of contact for the Chair, s151 Officer and Committee members. He will share his wealth of knowledge and experience across the sector providing challenge and sharing good practice. Mark will ensure our audit is tailored specifically to you, and he is responsible for the overall quality of our audit. Mark will sign your audit opinion.

David Rowley, Audit Manager

David will work with senior members of the finance team ensuring testing is delivered and any accounting issues are addressed on a timely basis. He will attend Scrutiny (Audit and Value for Money Council Services) Committee with Mark and supervise Allison in leading the on-site team. David will undertake reviews of the team's work and draft clear, concise and understandable reports.

Allison Thomas, Audit Incharge

Allison will be the day to day contact for the audit, organising our visits and liaising with Authority staff. She will lead the on-site team and will monitor deliverables, manage our query log ensuring that any significant issues and adjustments are highlighted to management as soon as possible.

Audit fees

The audit fees as per the scale fee issued by PSAA are £37,615 (PY: £46,405) for the financial statements and VFM work. The fees for the year will be in excess of the scale fee due to the expanded audit and value for money work relating to the Leisure outsourcing contract. Fees of £12,500 are planned for the audit of the housing benefit grant certification, which constitutes non Code work by PSAA.

Where additional audit work is required to address risks relating to the Leisure Services outsourcing, these will be discussed and agreed with management and require PSAA approval.

Our requirements

To ensure the audit is delivered on time and to avoid any additional fees, we have detailed our expectations and requirements in the following section 'Early Close'. If the requirements detailed overleaf are not met, we reserve the right to postpone our audit visit and charge fees to reimburse us for any additional costs incurred.

Audit Committee *

Please note we have shortened the name of the Scrutiny (Audit and Value for Money Council Services) Committee for the purposes of neatness in the above table.

Early close

Meeting the 31 July audit timeframe

In the prior year, the statutory date for publication of audited local government accounts was brought forward to 31 July, across the whole sector. This was a significant challenge for local authorities and auditors alike. For authorities, the time available to prepare the accounts was curtailed, while, as auditors we had a shorter period to complete our work and faced an even more significant peak in our workload than previously.

The Authority's accounts and audit opinion have been published by the 31 July since 2016/17.

We have carefully planned how we can make the best use of the resources available to us during the final accounts period. As well as increasing the overall level of resources available to deliver audits, we have focused on:

- · bringing forward as much work as possible to interim audits
- starting work on final accounts audits as early as possible, by agreeing which authorities will have accounts prepared significantly before the end of May
- · seeking further efficiencies in the way we carry out our audits
- working with you to agree detailed plans to make the audits run smoothly, including early agreement of audit dates, working paper and data requirements and early discussions on potentially contentious items.

We are satisfied that, if all these plans are implemented, we will be able to complete your audit and those of our other local government clients in sufficient time to meet the earlier deadline.

Client responsibilities

Where individual clients do not deliver to the timetable agreed, we need to ensure that this does not impact on audit quality or absorb a disproportionate amount of time, thereby disadvantaging other clients. We will therefore conduct audits in line with the timetable set out in audit plans (as detailed on page 12). Where the elapsed time to complete an audit exceeds that agreed due to a client not meetings its obligations we will not be able to maintain a team on site. Similarly, where additional resources are needed to complete the audit due to a client not meeting their obligations we are not able to guarantee the delivery of the audit by the statutory deadline. Such audits are unlikely to be re-started until very close to, or after the statutory deadline. In addition, it is highly likely that these audits will incur additional audit fees.

Our requirements

To minimise the risk of a delayed audit or additional audit fees being incurred, you need to ensure that you:

- produce draft financial statements of good quality by the deadline you have agreed with us, including all notes, the narrative report and the Annual Governance Statement
- ensure that good quality working papers are available at the start of the audit, in accordance with the working paper requirements schedule that we have shared with you
- ensure that the agreed data reports are available to us at the start of the audit and are
 reconciled to the values in the accounts, in order to facilitate our selection of samples
- ensure that all appropriate staff are available on site throughout (or as otherwise agreed) the planned period of the audit
- respond promptly and adequately to audit queries.

In return, we will ensure that:

- · the audit runs smoothly with the minimum disruption to your staff
- you are kept informed of progress through the use of an issues tracker and weekly meetings during the audit
- we are available to discuss issues with you prior to and during your preparation of the financial statements.

Independence & non-audit services

Auditor independence

Ethical Standards and ISA (UK) 260 require us to give you timely disclosure of all significant facts and matters that may bear upon the integrity, objectivity and independence of the firm or covered persons relating to our independence. We encourage you to contact us to discuss these or any other independence issues with us. We will also discuss with you if we make additional significant judgements surrounding independence matters.

We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention. We have complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we as a firm, and each covered person, confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.

We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we as a firm, and each covered person, confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements. Further, we have complied with the requirements of the National Audit Office's Auditor Guidance Note 01 issued in December 2017 and PSAA's Terms of Appointment which set out supplementary guidance on ethical requirements for auditors of local public bodies.

Other services provided by Grant Thornton

For the purposes of our audit we have made enquiries of all Grant Thornton UK LLP teams providing services to the Authority. The following other services were identified.

Service	£	Threats	Safeguards
Audit related			
Certification of Housing benefit subsidy grant	£12,500	Self-Interest (because this is a recurring fee)	The level of this recurring fee taken on its own is not considered a significant threat to independence as the fee for this work is £12,500 in comparison to the total fee for the audit of £37,615 and in particular relative to Grant Thornton UK LLP's turnover overall. Further, it is a fixed fee and there is no contingent element to it. These factors all mitigate the perceived self-interest threat to an acceptable level.

The amounts detailed are fees agreed to-date for audit related and non-audit services to be undertaken by Grant Thornton UK LLP in the current financial year. These services are consistent with the Authority's policy on the allotment of non-audit work to your auditors. All services have been approved by the Audit & Value for Money Council Services Committee Any changes and full details of all fees charged for audit related and non-audit related services by Grant Thornton UK LLP and by Grant Thornton International Limited network member Firms will be included in our Audit Findings report at the conclusion of the audit. None of the services provided are subject to contingent fees.

Appendices

A. Audit Approach

Audit approach

Use of audit, data interrogation and analytics software

LEAP

Audit software

- A globally developed ISA-aligned methodology and software tool that aims to re-engineer our audit approach to fundamentally improve quality and efficiency
- LEAP empowers our engagement teams to deliver even higher quality audits, enables our teams to perform cost effective audits which are scalable to any client, enhances the work experience for our people and develops further insights into our clients' businesses
- A cloud-based industry-leading audit tool developed in partnership with Microsoft

leading data interrogation software tools, called

'IDEA' which integrates the latest data analytics

We have used IDEA since its inception in the

involvement in both its development and delivery which is further enforced through our chairmanship

In addition to IDEA, we also other tools like ACL

Analysing large volumes of data very guickly and

easily enables us to identify exceptions which potentially highlight business controls that are not

1980's and we were part of the original

development team. We still have heavy

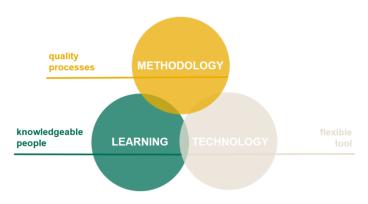
We use one of the world's

of the UK IDEA User Group

and Microsoft SQL server

operating effectively

techniques into our audit approach



IDEA

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•

IDEA Data Analysis Boftware

FAP

*A*ppian

Business process management

- Clear timeline for account review:
- disclosure dealing
- analytical review
- Simple version control

Appian

•

Allow content team to identify potential risk areas for auditors to focus on

Inflo

Cloud based software which uses data analytics to identify trends and high risk transactions, generating insights to focus audit work and share with clients.

REQUEST & SHARE

- · Communicate & transfer documents securely
- · Extract data directly from client systems
- · Work flow assignment & progress monitoring

ASSESS & SCOPE

- Compare balances & visualise trends
- Understand trends and perform more granular risk assessment

VERIFY & REVIEW

- Automate sampling requests
- Download automated work papers

INTERROGATE & EVALUATE

- Analyse 100% of transactions quickly & easily
- · Identify high risk transactions for investigation & testing
- Provide client reports & relevant benchmarking KPIs

FOCUS & ASSURE

- Visualise relationships impacting core business cycles
- Analyse 100% of transactions to focus audit on unusual items
- Combine business process analytics with related testing to provide greater audit and process assurance

INSIGHTS

- Detailed visualisations to add value to meetings and reports
- Demonstrates own performance and benchmark comparisons





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